EYFS, Year 1 and 2	Autumn	Spring
<u>Year A</u>		
Substantive Concepts <u>"Golden Threads"</u> Achievements Inventions Travel (Transport	 Changes with Living Memory The school and school life since 1930. How this reflects change in national life. 	 George Mottershead (founder of Chester Zoo) Isabella Bird (explorer and travel writer) Beeston Castle
Travel/Transport Diversity	NC- Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality (the school and its community).	NC- Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality
EYFS Knowledge End Points	 Begin to know the difference between long ago and now. 	 Asks and answers questions about sources of evidence.
	• Bickerton school was different in the past.	• Recognises and talks about significant events in their own lives.
	 Some objects are new, some are old. Things have changed since my parents/grownups were little. 	 Begin to understand the word 'significant' means something or someone that is important for everyone – not just us or our family, but for the whole country or the
	 Schools in the past were 	world.
	different to schools today.	• Can identify a person, event and place that is significant to them.
	 Our parents/grownups went to school when they were our age. 	 Can talk about a significant place in their local area.

	 My parents/grownups have parents. These can be called my grandparents. 	 Isabella Bird is a significant person from the local area. Beeston Castle is a significant place in the local area. George Mottershead was the founder of Chester Zoo and has a blue plaque near his birth place.
		Can put some events in order.
Year 1 Knowledge End Points	• See previous column (EYFS)	See previous column (EYFS)
	 Bickerton has had a school for some time but it has not always looked the same. 	• Create a timeline of the 1 st 6 years of their life.
	 Teachers used to teach using 	 A memorial is a statue or structure built to remind people of a person or an event.
	blackboards and chalk.	
	• Now, teachers use whiteboards or interactive whiteboards.	 Sources help us to remember significant events, places and people and to find out about the past. These take different forms e.g.photos, films,
	 Children used to sit in rows with wooden desks and 	oral recount.
	inkwells for their pens.	 Isabella Bird was a Victorian explorer, author and travel writer.
	 Now, we sit at tables (often in groups) and use pencils or pens to write. 	 Isabella Bird lived in Tattenhall as a child.

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	 Nowadays we have bright display boards that show our work or things that can help 	 Isabella Bird wrote books about her travels.
	our learning.	 Know some countries Isabella Bird travelled to such as Australia, USA,
	 We use lots of technology to help us learn, like ipads or 	Japan, China and Korea.
	chromebooks.There are some things that were different and some things	 George Mottershead's dream was to build a zoo without bars.
	that have stayed the same from when our parents/grownups went to school.	 George Mottershead bought land in Shavington and then Chester and created a Zoo.
	 We can learn about the past (what came before us) by looking at objects and 	 Know similarities and differences between June Mottershead's life and theirs using primary sources.
	photographs from that time.	• Can talk about a key event in the history of Beeston Castle.
		• Where the people and events studied fit on a basic timeline.
Year 2 Knowledge End Points	 See previous columns (EYFS & Year 1) 	• See previous columns (EYFS & Year 1)
	,	• Understand the word 'significant'
	 In the past 100 years, technology in the classroom has changed. Our parents/grownups probably had one television and a few 	means something or someone that is important for everyone – not just us or our family, but for the whole country or the world.

 computers in their school and they looked different to ours now. Our grandparents' parents are called our great-grandparents. Their parents are called our great-great grandparents. There are more things that were different and only a few things that have stayed the same from when our grandparents went to school. 'Within living memory' is what people who are alive today can still remember. Different objects (sources) can be more useful that others in showing us about the past (what came before us). 	 Can name places, people and events that are significant nationally and globally, such as Buckingham Palace, Big Ben, King Charles III, The World Wars and the first Moon landing. A decade is 10 years. A century is 100 years. Isabella Bird was the first female member of the Royal Geographical Society. Isabella Bird travelled to Australia, USA, Japan, China and Korea. George Mottershead received an OBE for his outstanding contribution to conservation. Know some of the key events in the history of Beeston castle. Explain why these events were significant. Can place pictures of the significant people, places and events studied into chronological order.
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